

Cu-ETP \_\_\_\_\_\_ EN\_2024\_06

Comparable standards: UNS C11000 • EN CW004A • JIS C110

Aurubis designations: C110 • ETP • PNA 211

### **Description**

Cu-ETP strip material is an electrolytically refined, oxygen-containing copper. It has a very good electrical conductivity and is economically interesting, compared to other high-conductivity copper alloys. It should be noted that the soldering and welding properties of the material are limited due to the oxygen content.

Cu-ETP strips are used in electrical engineering and electronics components

### Composition

Cu	0	Bi	Pb
[%]	[%]	[%]	[%]
min 99.90	max 0.04	max 0.0005	max 0.005

Composition of this alloy is in accordance with RoHS for electric & electronic components and ELV for the automotive industry.

### Physical properties

Melting point	Density	с <sub>р</sub> @ 20°С	Young's modulus	Thermal cond.	Electrical cond.		α @20-300°C
[°C]	[g/cm³]	[kJ/kgK]	[GPa]	[W/mK]	[MS/m]	[%IACS]	[10 <sup>-6</sup> /K]
1083	8.9	0.394	127	390	≥ 58	≥100	17.7

Note: The specified conductivity applies to the soft condition only.

c<sub>p</sub> specific heat capacity α coefficient of thermal expansion

## Mechanical properties

	Tensile Strength	Yield Strength	Elongation A <sub>50</sub>	Hardness HV	HV Bend ratio 90° [r]	
	[MPa]	[MPa]	[%]	[-]	GW	BW
R220	220-260	≤ 140	≥ 33	40-65	0	0
R240	240-300	≥ 180	≥ 8	65-95	0	0
R290	290-360	≥ 250	≥ 4	90-110	0	0.5
R360	≥ 360	≥ 320	≥ 2	≥ 110	1	2

r = x \* t (thickness  $t \le 0.5$ mm)

GW bend axis transverse to rolling direction. BW bend axis parallel to rolling direction

## Fabrication properties

Cold formability	excellent	
Hot formability	excellent	
Soldering	excellent	
Brazing	good	
Oxyacetylene welding	not recommended	
Gas shielded arc welding		
Resistance welding	not recommend	
Machinability	not recommende	

# Electrical conductivity

The electrical conductivity depends on chemical composition, the level of cold deformation and the grain size. A high level of deformation as well as a small grain size decrease the conductivity.

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## Corrosion Resistance

Copper is resistant to: Natural and industrial atmospheres as well as maritime air, drinking and service water, non oxidizing acids, alkaline solutions and neutral saline solutions.

Copper is not resistant to: Ammonia, halogenide, cyanide and hydrogen sulfide solutions and atmospheres, oxidizing acids and sea water (especially at high flow rates).

Due to the oxygen content Cu-ETP is not resistant to hydrogen embrittlement in reducing

atmospheres at elevated temperatures.

### Typical uses

Automotive industry, stamped parts, electrical conductors, contacts, terminals, components for chemical processes

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