

Cu-PHC

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Comparable standards: Aurubis designations: UNS C10300 • EN CW020A • JIS C103 C103 • SM 0011 • XLP • PNA 209

Description

Cu-PHC is a deoxidized, oxygen-free copper with a very low residual phosphorus content. It has very good formability, weldability and brazability with very high electrical conductivity (min. 100% IACS).

Fields of application are components of electrical engineering, base plates for power modules, process equipment manufacture and in the cable industry.

Composition



Composition of this alloy is in accordance with RoHS for electric & electronic components and ELV for the automotive industry.

Physical properties

Mechanical properties

Melting point	Density	с _р @ 20°С	Young's modulus	Thermal cond.	Electrical cond.		α @20-300°C
[°C]	[g/cm³]	[kJ/kgK]	[GPa]	[W/mK]	[MS/m]	[%IACS]	[10 ⁻⁶ /K]
1083	8.94	0.377	127	390	≥ 58	≥100	17.7

Note: The specified conductivity applies to the soft condition only.

c_p specific heat capacity

 α coefficient of thermal expansion

	Tensile Strength	Yield Strength	Elongation A ₅₀	Hardness HV	Bend 90°	ratio [r]
	[MPa]	[MPa]	[%]	[-]	GW	BW
R220	220-260	≤ 140	≥ 33	40-65	0	0
R240	240-300	≥ 180	≥ 8	65-95	0	0
R290	290-360	≥ 250	≥ 4	90-110	0	0
R360	≥ 360	≥ 320	≥2	≥ 110	0	0.5

r = x * t (thickness $t \le 0.5 mm$)

GW bend axis transverse to rolling direction. BW bend axis parallel to rolling direction.

Fabrication	Cold formability	excellent
properties	Hot formability	excellent
	Soldering	excellent
	Brazing	excellent
	Oxyacetylene welding	fair
	Gas shielded arc welding	excellent
	Resistance welding	not recommended
	Machinability	not recommended

Electrical conductivity

The electrical conductivity depends on chemical composition, the level of cold deformation and the grain size. A high level of deformation as well as a small grain size decrease the conductivity.



- CorrosionCopper is resistant to: Natural and industrial atmospheres as well as maritime air, drinking and
service water, non oxidizing acids, alkaline solutions and neutral saline solutions.
Copper is not resistant to: Ammonia, halogenide, cyanide and hydrogen sulfide solutions and
atmospheres, oxidizing acids and sea water (especially at high flow rates).
- **Typical uses** Telecommunication cables, terminals, clad products, busbars, base plates for power modules, electrical conductors

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